

## Numbers أعداد

(11 to 20)

- You have already learnt about the rules of عدد and معدود of numbers from 1 to 10. Now we'll learn about numbers from eleven to twenty.
- Numbers from eleven to nineteen (11-19) are a compound of two words
- We will deal with these numbers under three heads.

## Eleven and Twelve

(11-12)

Both numbers correspond to their معدود. A masculine معدود will have a masculine عدد and a feminine معدود will have a feminine عدد.

گیارہ اور بارہ (11-12) عدد مرکب کے دونوں اسماء پر فتحة ہوتا ہے۔

11 and 12 Both the words have a fatha on the last letter.

Eleven (masculine) student's

أَحَدَ عَشَرَ طَالِبًا

Eleven (famine) student's

إِحْدَى عَشْرَةَ طَالِبَةً

Twelve (masculine) student's

اِثْنَا عَشَرَ طَالِبًا

Twelve (famine) student's

اِثْنَتَا عَشْرَةَ طَالِبَةً

## Thirteen to Nineteen (13 to 19)

In these numbers (13 to 19) the first part of the number is opposite to معدود in gender while the second corresponds to معدود in gender.

(Thirteen (masculine) students)

طَالِبًا	عَشْرَ	ثَلَاثَةَ
↓	↓	↓
مذَكَر	مذَكَر	مؤنث

masculine – masculine - feminine

(Thirteen (feminine) students)

طَالِبَةً	عَشْرَةَ	ثَلَاثَ
↓	↓	↓
مؤنث	مؤنث	مذَكَر

feminine – feminine – masculine

## عِشْرُونَ

Twenty (20)

The word عِشْرُونَ is used for number twenty (20). It has the same form for both masculine and feminine معدود. Its معدود is singular accusative واحد منصوب واحد. E.g.

The 20 number is on same pattern as sound masculine plural جمع وكر سالم

مُسْلِمُونَ ، صَالِحُونَ ، عِشْرُونَ

Twenty (masculine) student's

عِشْرُونَ طَالِبًا

Twenty (feminine) student's

عِشْرُونَ طَالِبَةً

## تَمِيْز قَوَاعِد

## Rules of Tamyeez

واحد (one) and اثنان (two) Their تَمِيْز is not mentioned because the singular as well as dual form of a noun on its own contains the meaning of one and two respectively.

two students      تَلْمِيْذَانِ      -      one student      تَلْمِيْذٌ

- Tameez of numbers three to ten (3 to 10) is plural (جمع) and genitive (مجرور).

three rooms      ثَلَاثُ عُرْفَاتٍ      three pens      ثَلَاثَةُ أَقْلَامٍ

- Eleven to twenty (11 to 20) numbers is singular, indefinite, accusative noun.

thirteen (f) students      ثَلَاثَ عَشْرَةَ طَالِبَةٍ      thirteen (m) students      ثَلَاثَةَ عَشْرٍ طَالِبًا

## The Iraab of numbers eleven to nineteen

Though these numbers (11 to 20) occur each as a compound, they are used as a single word. Both parts of the number have fatha and are indeclinable except number twelve. Its first part is declinable. These numbers are indeclinable means they do not change to indicate their function in the sentence. In every case they occur with fatha. Their Iraab showing their position will be mentioned as محلاً

I have thirteen riyals.

عِنْدِي ثَلَاثَةَ عَشْرٍ رِيَالًا

ثَلَاثَةَ عَشْرٍ **مبتدأ مؤخر** في محل رفع

This pen is for thirteen riyals.

هَذَا الْقَلَمُ بِثَلَاثَةَ عَشْرٍ رِيَالًا

ثَلَاثَةَ عَشْرٍ **اسم مجرور** في محل جر

I want thirteen riyals.

أُرِيدُ ثَلَاثَةَ عَشْرٍ رِيَالًا

ثَلَاثَةَ عَشْرٍ **مفعول به** في محل نصب

## عدد و معلود (11-20)

## Numbers 11 &amp; 12

معلود	عدد		معلود	عدد	
	Part 2	Part 1		Part 2	Part 1
😊	😊	😊	😊	😞	😊

مؤنث

مذكر

عدد

إحدى عشرة طالبة

أحد عشر طالبا

11

اثنتا عشرة طالبة

اثنا عشر طالبا

12

Both part of the compound word agrees with the معدود

ثلاث عشرة طالبة

ثلاثة عشر طالبا

13

أربع عشرة طالبة

أربعة عشر طالبا

14

خمس عشرة طالبة

خمسة عشر طالبا

15

ست عشرة طالبة

ستة عشر طالبا

16

سبع عشرة طالبة

سبعة عشر طالبا

17

ثمان عشرة طالبة

ثمانية عشر طالبا

18

تسع عشرة طالبة

تسعة عشر طالبا

19

Part 1 of the compound word is opposite in gender then that of the معدود.

Part 2 agrees with the gender of the معدود.

عشرون طالبة

عشرون طالبا

20

## Number 20

معلود	عدد	معلود	عدد
😊	😊	😊	😊

The number is on same pattern as sound masculine plural  
(جمع فذكر سالم)